

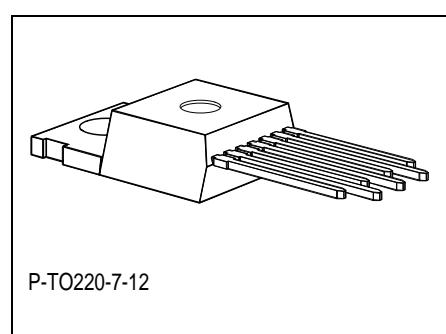
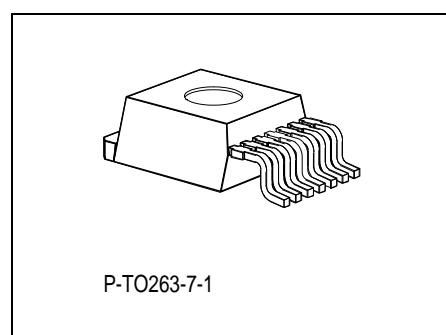
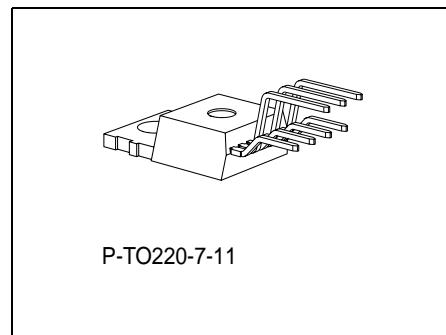
5-V Low-Drop Fixed Voltage Regulator

TLE 4271-2

Features

- Output voltage tolerance $\leq \pm 2\%$
- Low-drop voltage
- Integrated overtemperature protection
- Reverse polarity protection
- Input voltage up to 42 V
- Overvoltage protection up to 65 V (≤ 400 ms)
- Short-circuit proof
- Suitable for use in automotive electronics
- Wide temperature range
- Adjustable reset and watchdog time

Type	Ordering Code	Package
TLE 4271-2	Q67000-A9446	P-TO220-7-11
TLE 4271-2 S	Q67000-A9448	P-TO220-7-12
TLE 4271-2 G	Q67006-A9447	P-TO263-7-1



Functional Description

The TLE 4271-2 is functional and electrical identical to the TLE 4271.

The device is a 5-V low-drop fixed-voltage regulator. The maximum input voltage is 42 V (65 V, ≤ 400 ms). Up to an input voltage of 26 V and for an output current up to 550 mA it regulates the output voltage within a

2 % accuracy. The short circuit protection limits the output current of more than 650 mA. The IC can be switched off via the inhibit input. An integrated watchdog monitors the connected controller. The device incorporates overvoltage protection and temperature protection that disables the circuit at overtemperature.

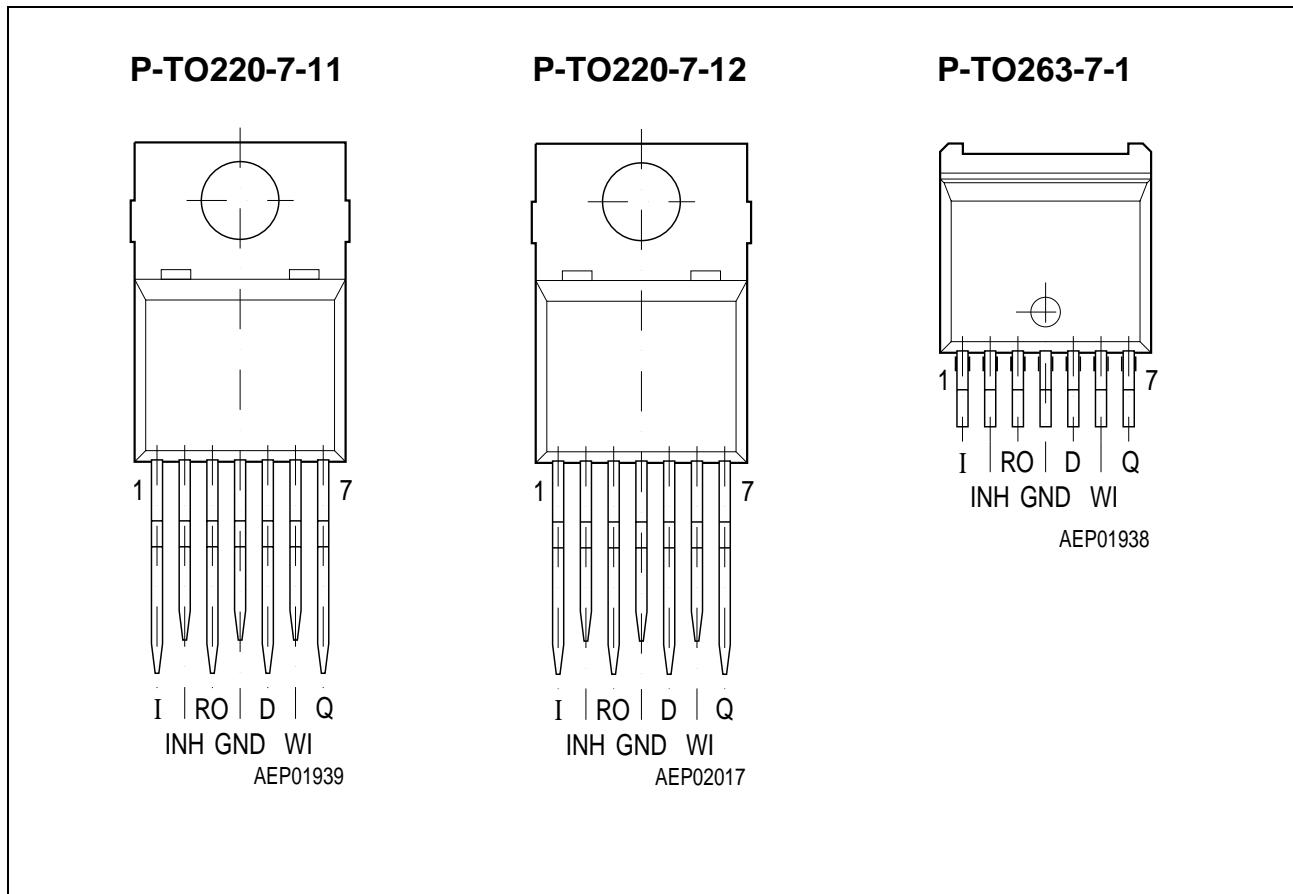


Figure 1 Pin Configuration (top view)

Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	I	Input ; block to ground directly on the IC with ceramic capacitor.
2	INH	Inhibit
3	RO	Reset Output ; the open collector output is connected to the 5 V output via an integrated resistor of 30 kΩ.
4	GND	Ground
5	D	Reset Delay ; connect a capacitor to ground for delay time adjustment.
6	WI	Watchdog Input
7	Q	5-V Output ; block to ground with 22 µF capacitor, ESR < 3 Ω.

Circuit Description

The control amplifier compares a reference voltage, which is kept highly accurate by resistance adjustment, to a voltage that is proportional to the output voltage and drives the base of a series transistor via a buffer. Saturation control as a function of the load current prevents any over-saturation of the power element.

The reset output RO is in high-state if the voltage on the delay capacitor C_D is greater or equal V_{UD} . The delay capacitor C_D is charged with the current I_D for output voltages greater than the reset threshold V_{RT} . If the output voltage gets lower than V_{RT} ('reset condition') a fast discharge of the delay capacitor C_D sets in and as soon as V_D gets lower than V_{LD} the reset output RO is set to low-level.

The time for the delay capacitor charge from V_{UD} to V_{LD} is the reset delay time t_D .

When the voltage on the delay capacitor has reached V_{UD} and reset was set to high, the watchdog circuit is enabled and discharges C_D with the constant current I_{DWD} . If there is no rising edge observed at the watchdog input, C_D will be discharged down to V_{LDW} , then reset output RO will be set to low and C_D will be charged again with the current I_{DWC} until V_D reaches V_{UD} and reset will be set high again.

If the watchdog pulse (rising edge at watchdog input WI) occurs during the discharge period C_D is charged again and the reset output stays high. After V_D has reached V_{UD} , the periodical behavior starts again.

Internal protection circuits protect the IC against:

- Overload
- Overvoltage
- Overtemperature
- Reverse polarity

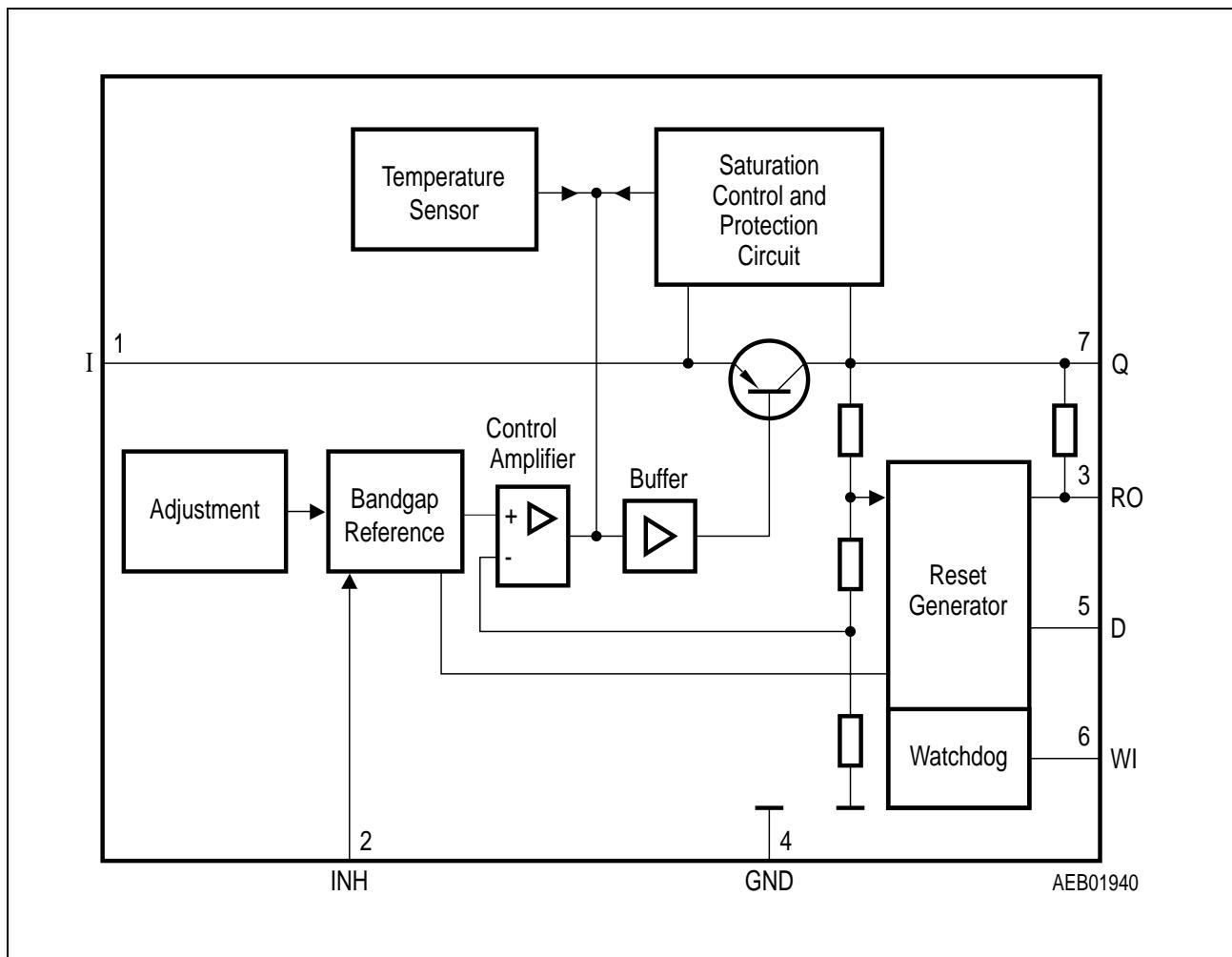


Figure 2 Block Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings
 $T_j = -40 \text{ to } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Notes
		min.	max.		

Input

Voltage	V_I	- 42	42	V	-
Voltage	V_I	-	65	V	$t \leq 400 \text{ ms}$
Current	I_I	-	-	mA	internally limited

Inhibit

Voltage	V_{INH}	- 42	42	V	-
Voltage	V_{INH}	-	65	V	$t \leq 400 \text{ ms}$
Current	I_{INH}	-	-	mA	internally limited

Reset Output

Voltage	V_{RO}	- 0.3	42	V	-
Current	I_{RO}	-	-	mA	internally limited

Reset Delay

Voltage	V_D	- 0.3	7	V	-
Current	I_D	- 5	5	mA	-

Watchdog

Voltage	V_W	- 0.3	7	V	-
Current	I_W	- 5	5	mA	-

Output

Voltage	V_Q	- 1.0	16	V	-
Current	I_Q	- 5	-	mA	internally limited

Ground

Current	I_{GND}	- 0.5	-	A	-
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Temperatures

Junction temperature	T_j	-	150	°C	-
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	- 50	150	°C	-

Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Notes
		min.	max.		
Input voltage	V_I	6	40	V	–
Junction temperature	T_j	– 40	150	°C	–

Thermal Resistance

Junction ambient	R_{thja}	–	65 70	K/W K/W	– P-T0263
Junction case	R_{thjc} Z_{thjc}	– –	3 2	K/W K/W	– $t < 1 \text{ ms}$

Characteristics

$V_I = 13.5 \text{ V}$; $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{INH} > V_{U,INH}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		
Output voltage	V_Q	4.90	5.00	5.10	V	$5 \text{ mA} \leq I_Q \leq 550 \text{ mA}$; $6 \text{ V} \leq V_I \leq 26 \text{ V}$
Output voltage	V_Q	4.90	5.00	5.10	V	$26 \text{ V} \leq V_I \leq 36 \text{ V}$; $I_Q \leq 300 \text{ mA}$;
Output current limiting	I_{Qmax}	650	800	—	mA	$V_Q = 0 \text{ V}$
Current consumption $I_q = I_I$	I_q	—	—	6	μA	$V_{INH} = 0 \text{ V}; I_Q = 0 \text{ mA}$
Current consumption $I_q = I_I$	I_q	—	800	—	μA	$V_{INH} = 5 \text{ V}; I_Q = 0 \text{ mA}$
Current consumption $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	—	1	1.5	mA	$I_Q = 5 \text{ mA}$
Current consumption $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	—	55	75	mA	$I_Q = 550 \text{ mA}$
Current consumption $I_q = I_I - I_Q$	I_q	—	70	90	mA	$I_Q = 550 \text{ mA}; V_I = 5 \text{ V}$
Drop voltage	V_{dr}	—	350	700	mV	$I_Q = 550 \text{ mA}^1)$
Load regulation	ΔV_Q	—	25	50	mV	$I_Q = 5 \text{ to } 550 \text{ mA};$ $V_I = 6 \text{ V}$
Supply voltage regulation	ΔV_Q	—	12	25	mV	$V_I = 6 \text{ to } 26 \text{ V}$ $I_Q = 5 \text{ mA}$
Power supply Ripple rejection	$PSRR$	—	54	—	dB	$f_r = 100 \text{ Hz};$ $V_r = 0.5 V_{PP}$

¹⁾ Drop voltage = $V_I - V_Q$ (measured when the output voltage has dropped 100 mV from the nominal value obtained at 13.5 V input)

Characteristics (cont'd)
 $V_I = 13.5 \text{ V}$; $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{INH} > V_{U,INH}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		

Reset Generator

Switching threshold	V_{RT}	4.5	4.65	4.8	V	–
Reset high voltage	V_{ROH}	4.5	–	–	V	–
Saturation voltage	$V_{RO,SAT}$	–	60	–	mV	$R_{intern} = 30 \text{ k}\Omega$; $1.0 \text{ V} \leq V_Q \leq 4.5 \text{ V}$
Saturation voltage	$V_{RO,SAT}$	–	200	400	mV	$I_R = 3 \text{ mA}^1$; $V_Q = 4.4 \text{ V}$
Reset pull-up	R	18	30	46	$\text{k}\Omega$	internally connected to Q
Lower reset timing threshold	V_{LD}	0.2	0.45	0.8	V	$V_Q < V_{RT}$
Charge current	I_D	8	14	25	μA	$V_D = 1.0 \text{ V}$
Upper timing threshold	V_{UD}	1.4	1.8	2.3	V	–
Delay time	t_D	8	13	18	ms	$C_D = 100 \text{ nF}$
Reset reaction time	t_{RR}	–	–	3	μs	$C_D = 100 \text{ nF}$

Overvoltage Protection

Turn-off voltage	$V_{I, ov}$	40	44	46	V	–
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Inhibit

Turn-on voltage	$V_{U,INH}$	1.0	2.0	3.5	V	$V_Q = \text{high} (> 4.5 \text{ V})$
Turn-off voltage	$V_{L,INH}$	0.8	1.3	3.3	V	$V_Q = \text{low} (< 0.8 \text{ V})$
Inhibit current	I_{INH}	8	12	25	μA	$V_{INH} = 5 \text{ V}$

¹⁾ Test condition not applicable during delay time for power-on reset.

Characteristics (cont'd)
 $V_I = 13.5 \text{ V}$; $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_j \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{\text{INH}} > V_{U,\text{INH}}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		

Watchdog

Upper watchdog switching threshold	V_{UDW}	1.4	1.8	2.3	V	–
Lower watchdog switching threshold	V_{LDW}	0.2	0.45	0.8	V	–
Discharge current	I_{DWD}	1.5	2.7	3.5	μA	$V_D = 1 \text{ V}$
Charge current	I_{DWC}	8	14	25	μA	$V_D = 1 \text{ V}$
Watchdog period	$t_{WD,P}$	40	55	80	ms	$C_D = 100 \text{ nF}$
Watchdog trigger time	$t_{WI,tr}$	30	45	66	ms	$C_D = 100 \text{ nF}$ see diagram
Watchdog pulse slew rate	V_{WI}	5	–	–	V/ μs	from 20% to 80% V_Q

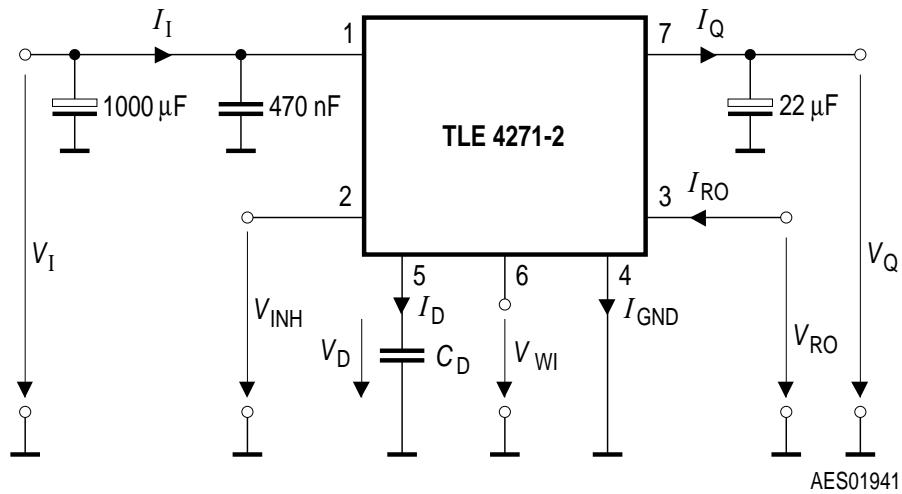


Figure 3 **Test Circuit**

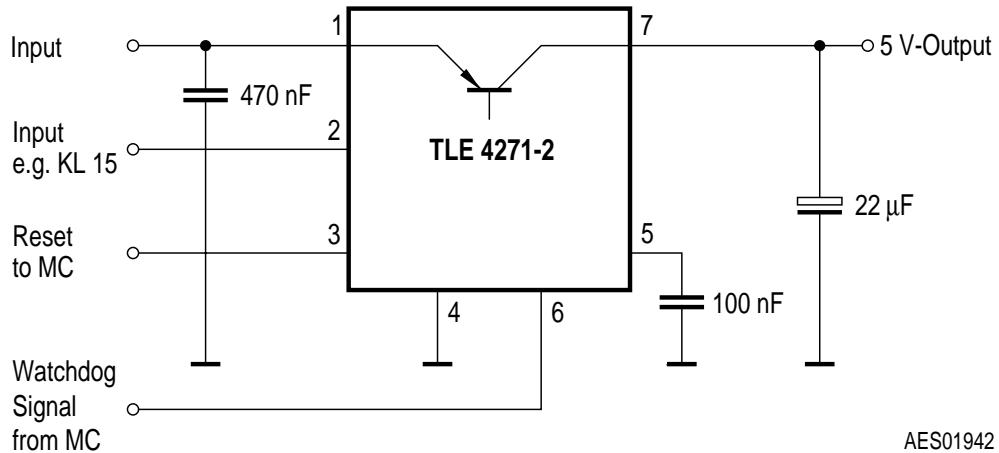


Figure 4 **Circuit**

Application Description

The IC regulates an input voltage in the range of $6 \text{ V} < V_I < 40 \text{ V}$ to $V_{Q\text{nom}} = 5.0 \text{ V}$. Up to 26 V it produces a regulated output current of more than 550 mA. Above 26 V the save-operating-area protection allows operation up to 36 V with a regulated output current of more than 300 mA. Overvoltage protection limits operation at 42 V. The overvoltage protection hysteresis restores operation if the input voltage has dropped below 36 V. The IC can be switched off via the inhibit input, which causes the quiescent current to drop below 50 μA . A reset signal is generated for an output voltage of $V_Q < 4.5 \text{ V}$. The watchdog circuit monitors a connected controller. If there is no positive-going edge at the watchdog input within a fixed time, the reset output is set to low. The delay for power-on reset and the maximum permitted watchdog-pulse period can be set externally with a capacitor.

Design Notes for External Components

An input capacitor C_I is necessary for compensation of line influences. The resonant circuit consisting of lead inductance and input capacitance can be damped by a resistor of approx. 1 Ω in series with C_I . An output capacitor C_Q is necessary for the stability of the regulating circuit. Stability is guaranteed at values of $C_Q \geq 22 \mu\text{F}$ and an ESR of $< 3 \Omega$.

Reset Circuitry

If the output voltage decreases below 4.5 V, an external capacitor C_D on pin D will be discharged by the reset generator. If the voltage on this capacitor drops below V_{DRL} , a reset signal is generated on pin RO, i.e. reset output is set low. If the output voltage rises above the reset threshold, C_D will be charged with constant current. After the power-on-reset time the voltage on the capacitor reaches V_{DU} and the reset output will be set high again. The value of the power-on-reset time can be set within a wide range depending of the capacitance of C_D .

Reset Timing

The power-on reset delay time is defined by the charging time of an external capacitor C_d which can be calculated as follows:

$$t_D = C_D * \Delta V / I_D$$

Definitions: C_D = delay capacitor
 t_D = reset delay time
 I_D = charge current, typical 14 μA
 $\Delta V = V_{UD}$, typical 1.8 V
 V_{UD} = upper delay timing threshold at C_D for reset delay time

The reset reaction time t_{rr} is the time it takes the voltage regulator to set the reset out LOW after the output voltage has dropped below the reset threshold. It is typically 1 μ s for delay capacitor of 47 nF. For other values for C_d the reaction time can be estimated using the following equation:

$$t_{RR} \approx 20 \text{ s/F} \times C_d$$

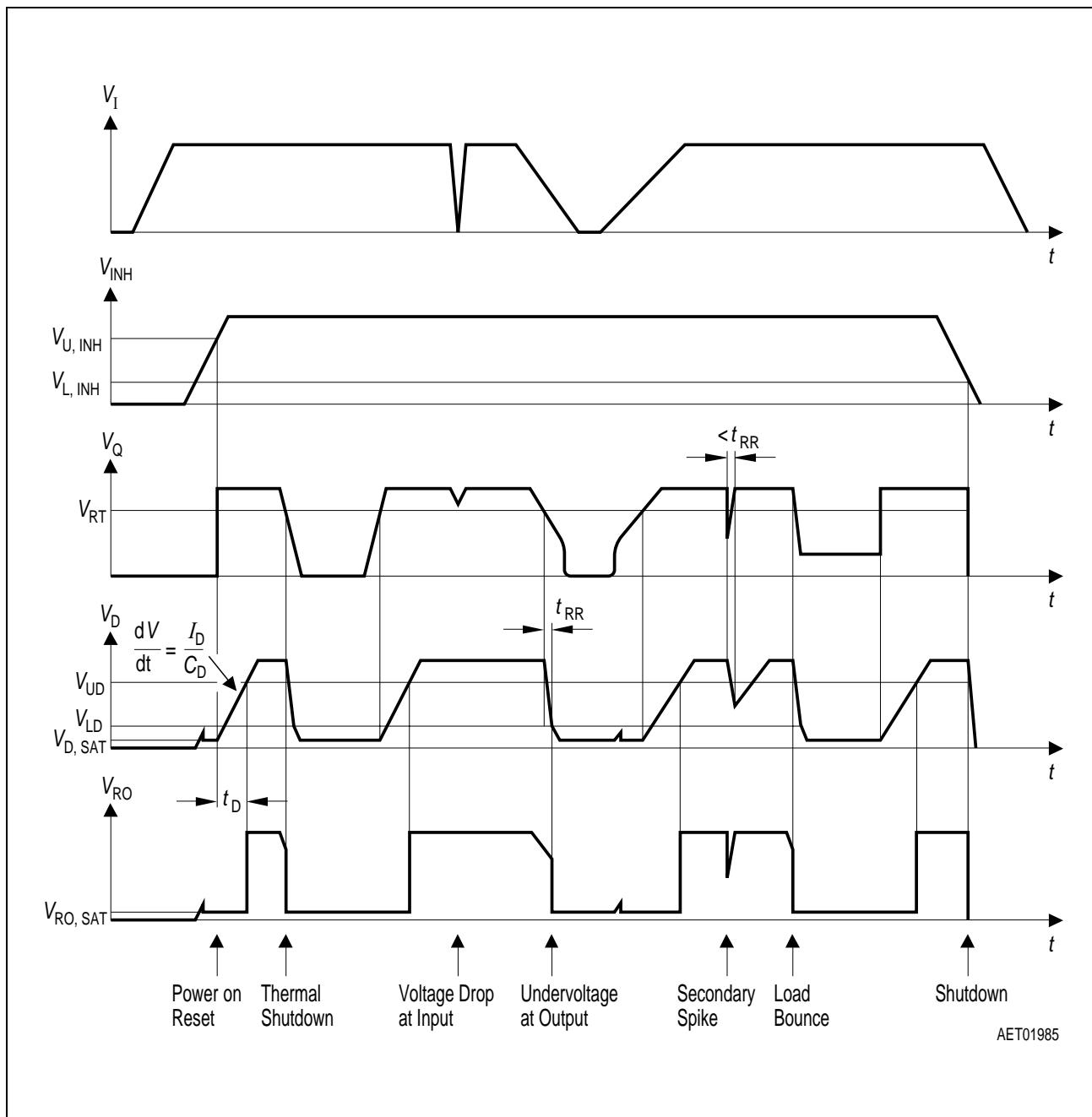


Figure 5 Time Response

Watchdog Timing

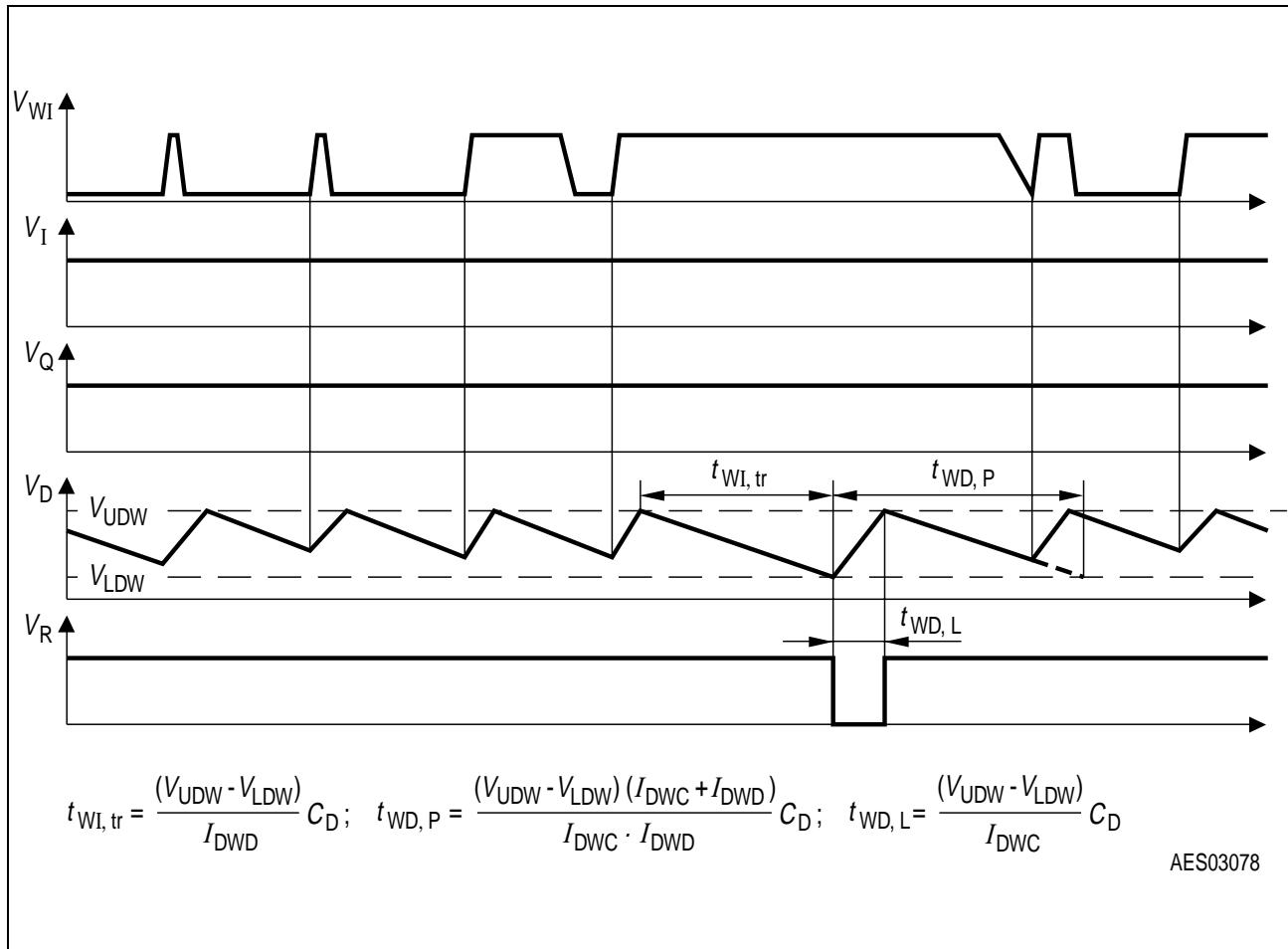
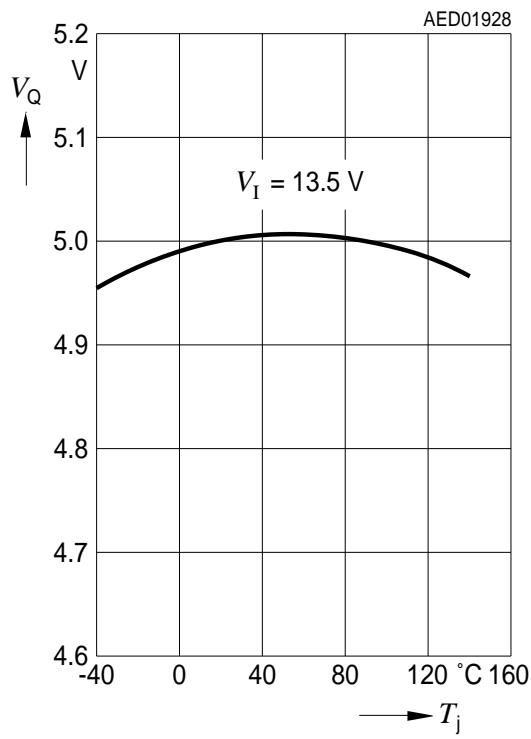


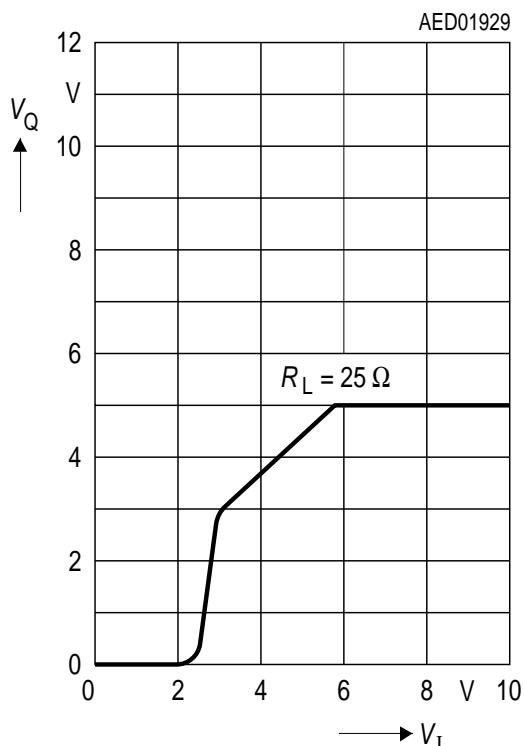
Figure 6 Time Response, Watchdog Behavior

Typical Performance Characteristics

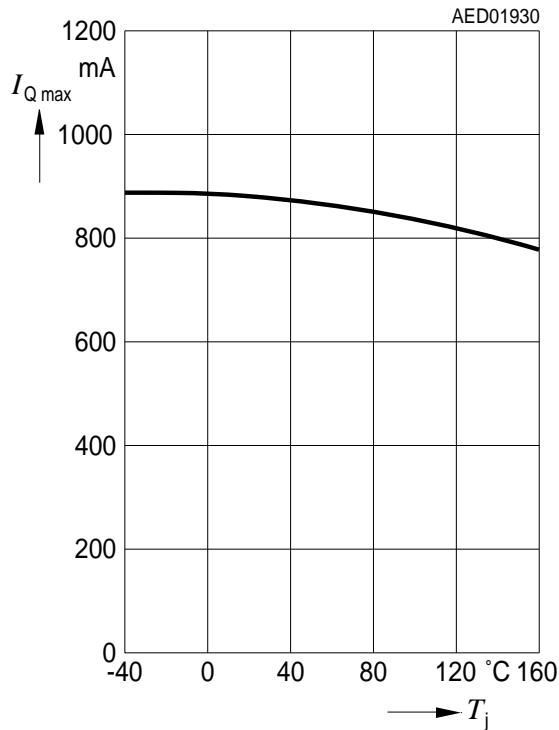
**Output Voltage V_Q versus
Temperature T_j**



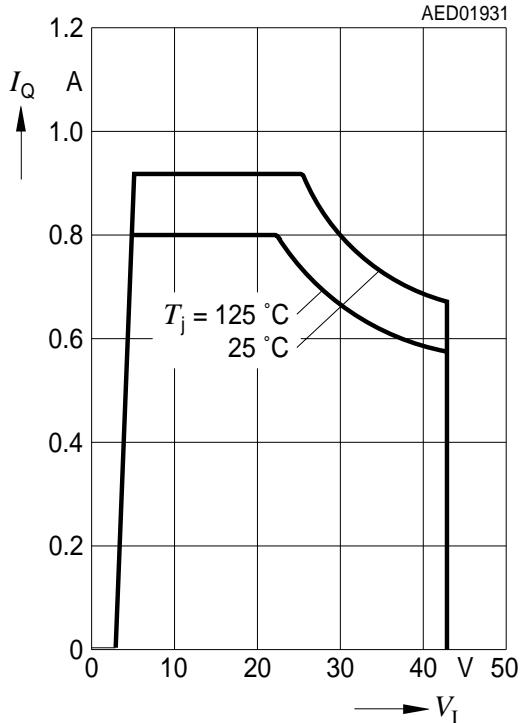
**Output Voltage V_Q versus
Input Voltage V_I ($V_{INH} = V_I$)**



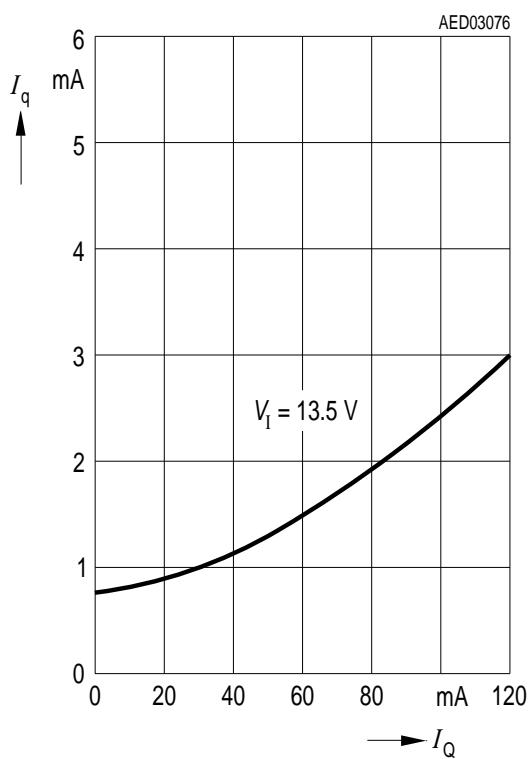
Output Current Limit I_Q versus Temperature T_j



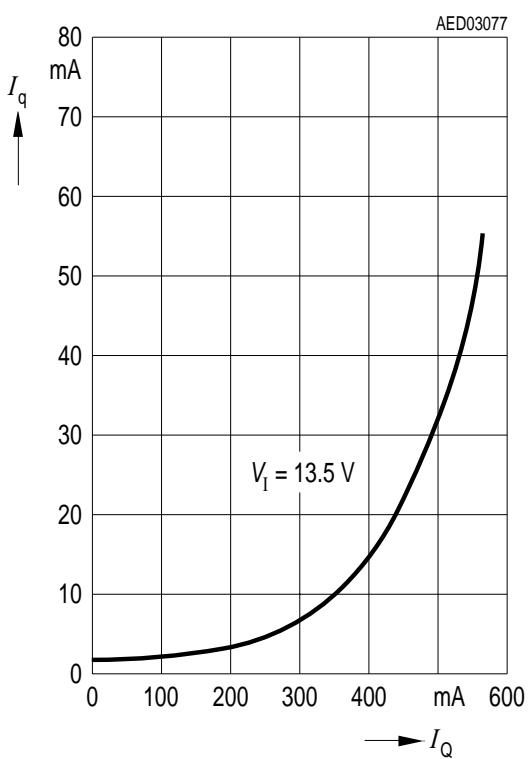
Output Current I_Q versus Input Voltage V_I

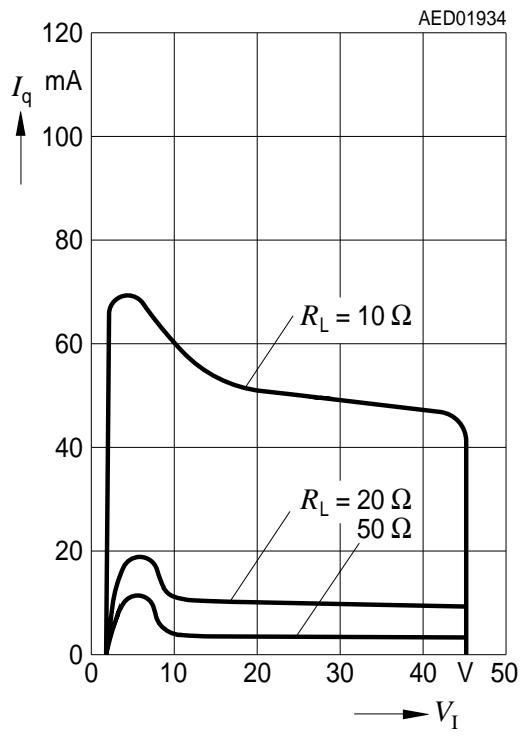
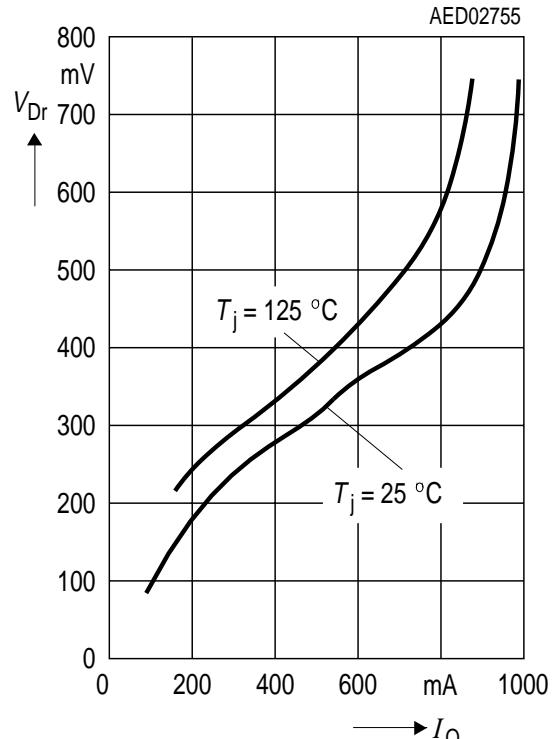
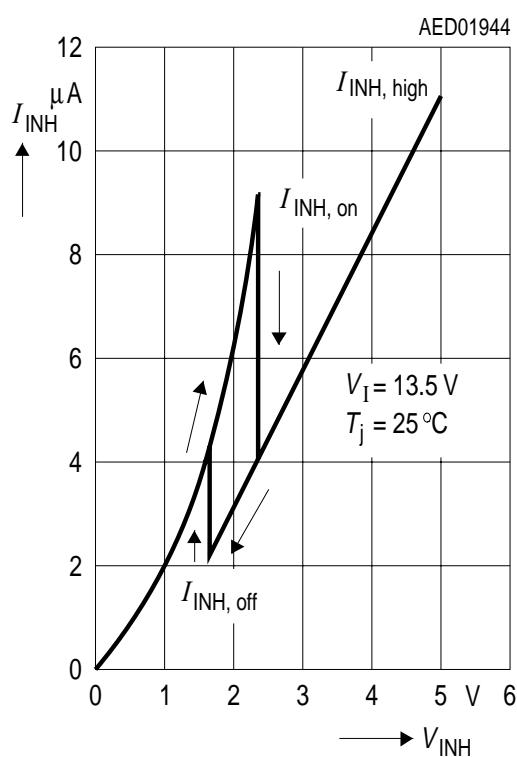
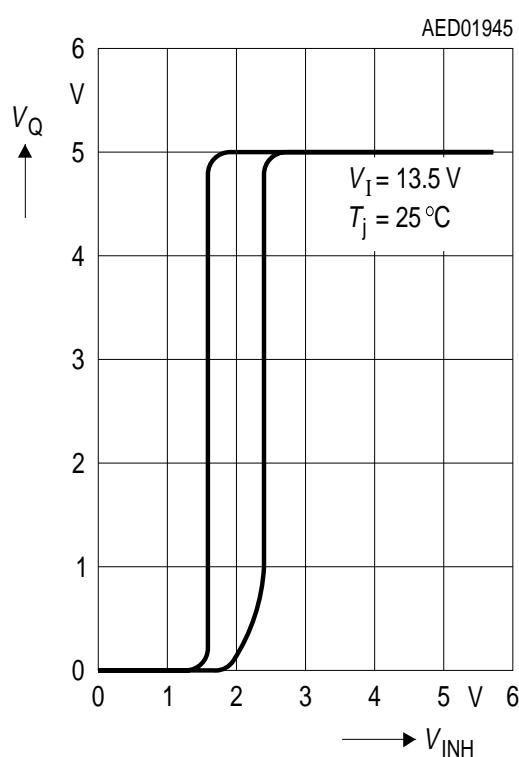


Current Consumption I_q versus Output Current I_Q

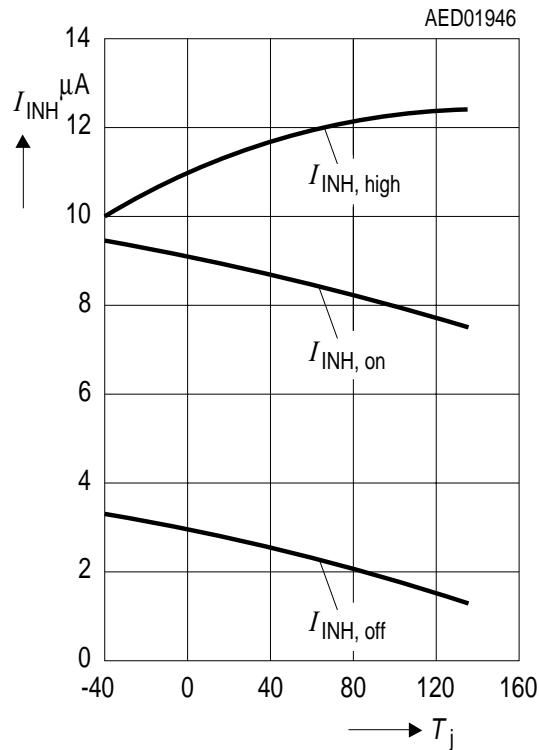


Current Consumption I_q versus Output Current I_Q

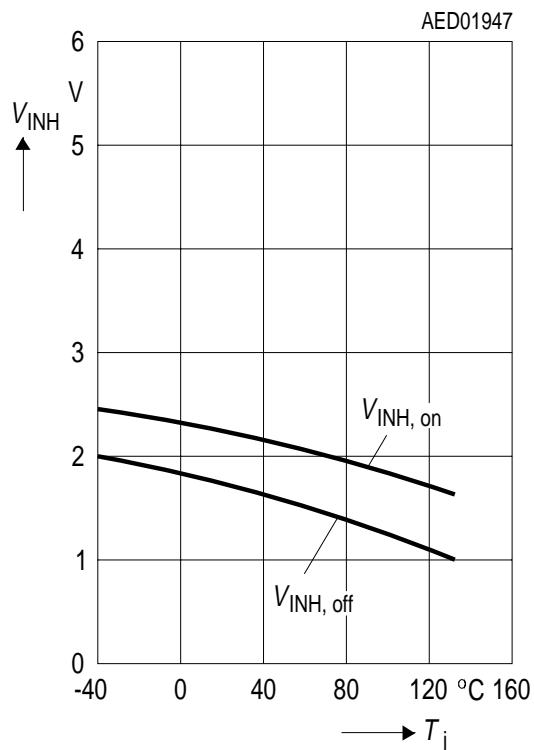


Current Consumption I_q versus Input Voltage V_I

Drop Voltage V_{dr} versus Output Current I_Q

Inhibit Current I_{INH} versus Inhibit Voltage V_{INH}

Output Voltage V_Q versus Inhibit Voltage V_{INH}


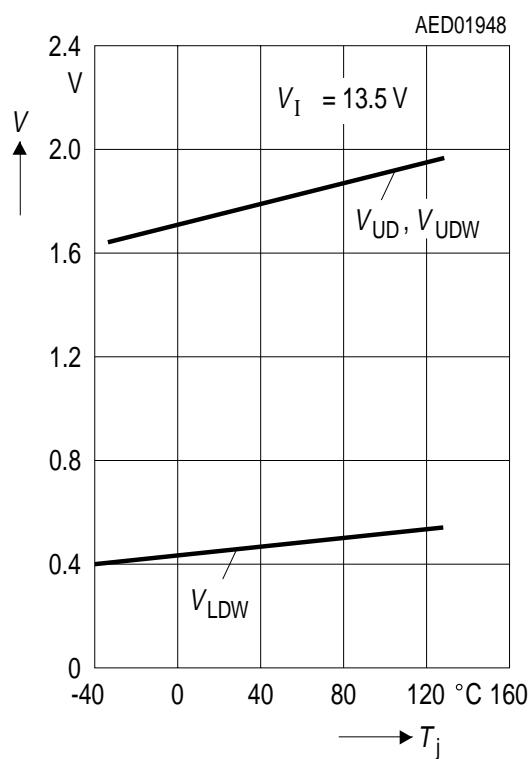
Inhibit Current Consumptions I_{INH} versus Temperature T

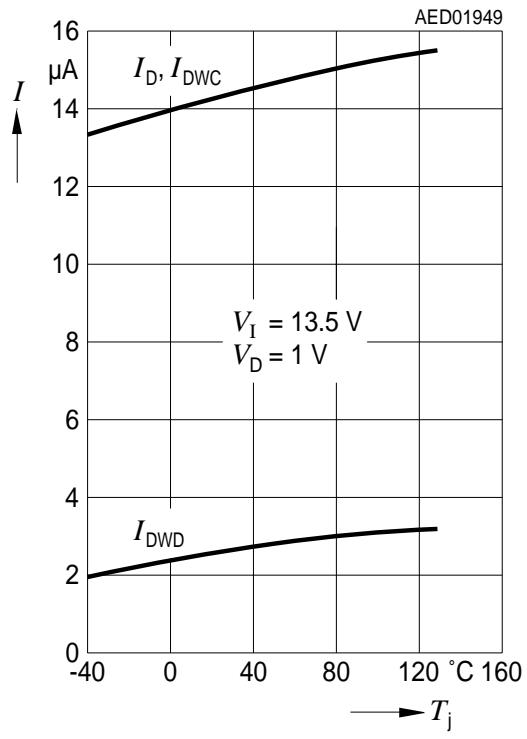
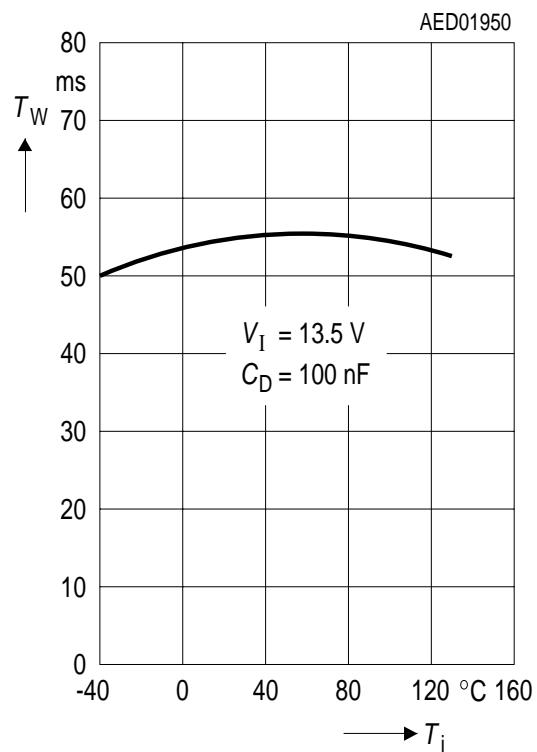


Inhibit Voltages V_{INH} versus Temperature T_j



Switching Voltage V_{UD} and V_{LDW} versus Temperature T

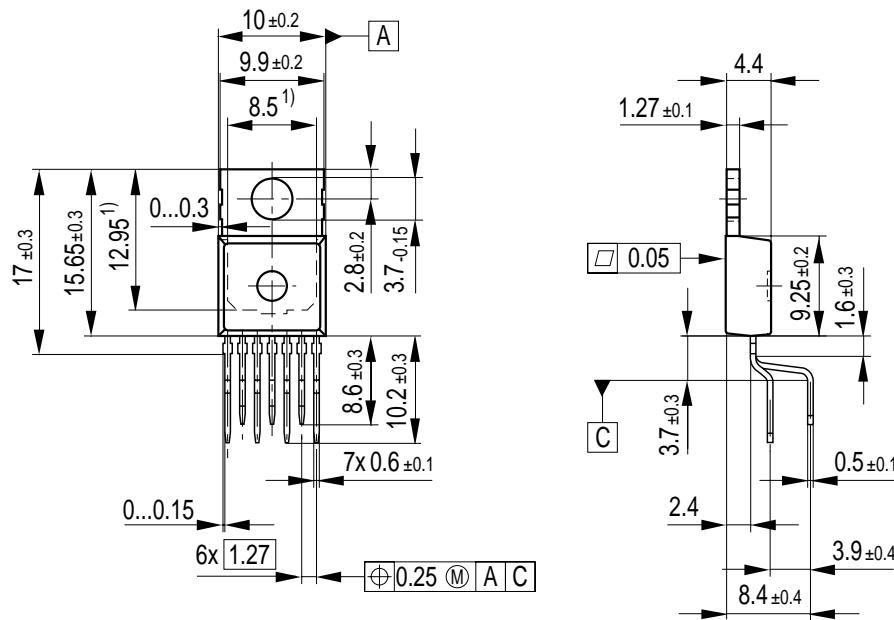


Charge Current I_D , I_{DWC} and Discharge Current I_{DWD} versus Temperature T_j

Watchdog Pulse Time T_w versus Temperature T_j


Package Outlines

P-TO220-7-11

(Plastic Transistor Single Outline Package)



¹⁾ Typical

Metal surface min. X=7.25, Y=12.3

All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.

GPT09083

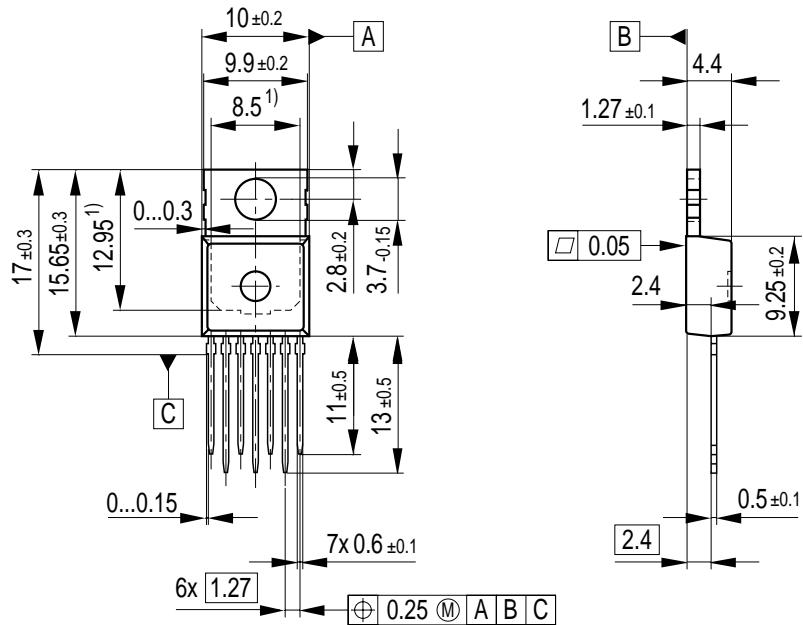
Sorts of Packing

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information".

Dimensions in mm

P-TO220-7-12

(Plastic Transistor Single Outline Package)


¹⁾ Typical

Metal surface min. X=7.25, Y=12.3

All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.

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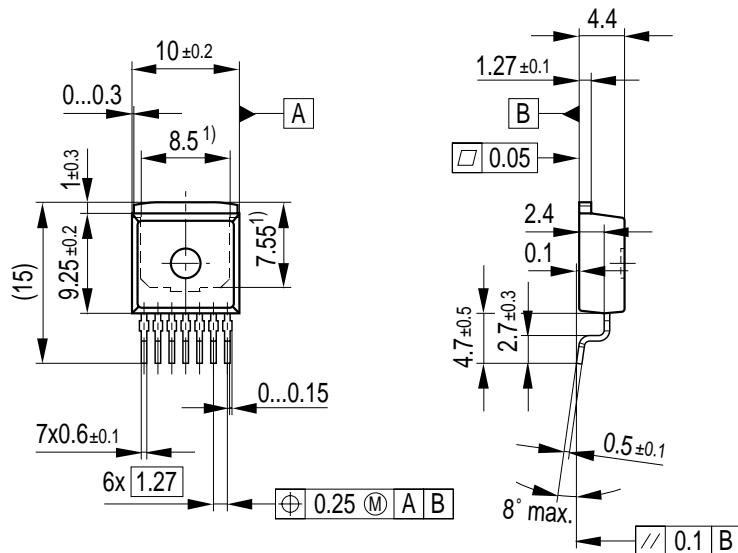
Sorts of Packing

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Dimensions in mm

P-TO263-7-1

(Plastic Transistor Single Outline Package)


¹⁾ Typical

Metal surface min. X=7.25, Y=6.9

All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.

GPT09114

Sorts of Packing

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information".

SMD = Surface Mounted Device

Dimensions in mm

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